

Ynet-News, Feb 13, 2024 – Tuesday
Possible Abomination Days are April 7 & June 20, 2024

02.12.24 – Mo- - - News Placed in February 13 spot – Tuesday
Amnesty International and Human Rights Watch, impose weapons supply embargo

02.12.24 – Mo- - - News Placed in February 12 spot – Monday
A series of 40 air attacks & a daring battle of heavy fire rescue 2 hostages in Gaza

02.11.24 – Su- - - News Placed in February 11 spot – Sunday
IDF capture 20 terrorists hiding in hospital & hundreds attempting to flee Khan Younis

02.11.24 – Su- - - News – Sunday
Galilee Teacher indicted for assisting, promoting and financing terrorist activities

02.11.24 – Su- - - News – Sunday
EU sanctions Israel settlers defending from PA attacks; Czech & Hungary veto

02.11.24 – Su- - - News – Sunday
UNRWA staff deny knowing Hamas under headquarters, schools & hospitals

02.10.24 – Sa- - - News Placed in February 10 spot – Saturday
UNRWA HQ offices in Gaza City fed tunnel power & Hamas data servers

02.12.24 – Mo
Amnesty International and Human Rights Watch, impose weapons supply embargo

02.12.24 – Mo
Dutch court halts export of F-35 fighter jet parts to Israel
Decision cites 'clear concern parts used for serious violations of international humanitarian law'; Dutch state says will appeal moratorium on export of US-owned parts stored in Netherlands
Yair Navot , Reuters, AFP|05:42

A Dutch appeals court on Monday ordered the government to block all exports of F-35 fighter jet parts to Israel over concerns they were being used in violations of international law during Israel's Gaza offensive.

It said the state had to comply with the order within seven days and dismissed a request by government lawyers to suspend the order pending an appeal to the Supreme Court. The Dutch government says it would appeal the order; it has eight weeks to appeal against the decision.

The U.S.-owned F-35 parts are stored at a warehouse in the Netherlands and then shipped to several partners, including Israel, via existing export agreements.

The court upheld an appeal by human rights organizations that had argued that supplying the parts contributed to alleged violations of international law by Israel in its war with Hamas.

"In doing so, the Netherlands is contributing to serious violations of humanitarian law of war in Gaza," the rights groups argued.

According to the judges' decision, "the clear concern that the exported parts are being used for serious violations of international humanitarian law cannot be denied."

The judges said in their decision that maintaining good relations with the U.S. and Israel is not a valid argument for the continued export of the parts. This is despite the fact that the parts of the fighter jets exported from the Netherlands do not belong to it, but to the U.S., which keeps them in warehouses in the Netherlands in order to optimize the export process.

Dutch Prime Minister Mark Rutte is currently visiting Israel, for the third time since October 7. He even expressed support for Israel's right to defend itself and act against Hamas.

In December, the district court in The Hague had said that supplying the parts was primarily a political decision that judges should not interfere with.

"The considerations that the minister makes are to a large extent of a political and policy nature and judges should leave the minister a large amount of freedom," the court ruled at the time.

Dutch authorities had said it was not clear whether they even had the power to intervene in the deliveries, part of a U.S.-run operation that supplies parts to all F-35 partners. Government lawyers also argued that if the Dutch did not supply the parts from the warehouse based in the Netherlands, Israel could easily procure them elsewhere.

With the beginning of the fighting in Gaza, human rights organizations intensified the tone against Israel, and took a one-sided position identifying with the Palestinians. This is how Amnesty International and Human Rights Watch, two of the most prominent organizations in the world, acted, among other things, to prosecute Israel for committing war crimes at the International Court of Justice in The Hague.

During the war, the Human Rights Watch organization called on the countries that supply weapons to Israel to impose an embargo "so that they do not get involved in the commission of war crimes," and claimed in relation to the IDF's operations in the Gaza Strip that "the commission of atrocities does not justify the commission of more atrocities." Amnesty International also spoke out against Israel, in almost total identification with the Palestinian positions in the conflict.

International law experts have told AFP that human rights violations are likely being carried out by both parties to the conflict.

The International Court of Justice in The Hague, which rules on disputes between states, has said Israel must do everything possible to prevent genocidal acts in Gaza.

02.12.24 – Mo

A series of 40 air attacks & a daring battle of heavy fire rescue 2 hostages in Gaza

02.12.24 – Mo

Here's how the operation to rescue 2 hostages in Gaza came together
IDF special operation with Shin Bet and the National Counter Terrorism Unit in Rafah overnight Monday that brought Fernando Marman and Louis Har home required significant preparation; the forces arrived around 1 a.m. and penetrated the building in the heart of Rafah; 134 hostages remain in Gaza
Yoav Zitun, Einav Halabi, Yael Ciechanover|04:01

Fernando Simon Marman, 60, and Louis Har, 70, were recovered on Monday in a successful and complex rescue operation, carried out by the Shin Bet and the National Counter Terrorism Unit, together with various IDF units. The IDF said that the forces worked for a long time to prepare for the complex and dangerous operation.

"Tonight we brought Louis and Fernando home in a joint rescue operation by the IDF, the National Counter Terrorism Unit and Shin Bet. The Air Force covered the forces during the operation. This is an operation we have prepared for a while. At 1:49 a.m. the forces broke into the building in Rafah. There, on the second floor, Louis and Fernando were held. The National Counter Terrorism Unit soldiers hugged and protected Louis and Fernando with their bodies, and then began a daring battle with heavy exchange of fire with many terrorists."

Hagari made a direct appeal to the hostages who are still in Gaza: "If you hear me, know that we are very determined to return you home, and we will not miss any such opportunity. We do not forget for a moment that 134 hostages are still being held in Gaza."

Hagari commented on the number of Palestinians killed in the operation, according to the reports from Gaza. "Many terrorists were killed in this operation, along with the terrorists who were killed en route to the Rafah operation. We attacked Hamas targets and operational buildings in Rafah," he said.

The operation was carried out only after the conditions were suitable. According to the reports, it was extremely complex to reach the destination in the heart of Rafah. The forces secretly arrived at the building where the hostages were held on the second floor. The operation involved covert work with air support and massive fire for cover.

IDF attacks Hamas in Rafah

In order to penetrate the target, which had stationed armed Hamas guards, who also were in nearby buildings, the forces used an explosive device to break open a locked door, fired at nearby points from the ground and from the air, and thus succeeded in extracting the two hostages.

At this point, Hamas opened fire from the building and nearby buildings. Dozens of Hamas targets were attacked from the air to allow the soldiers to leave the building. The operation was considered a success with only one Israeli soldier lightly wounded, who was injured by a fall from a height and not by gunfire. The force left its cover and arrived at the extraction point where a helicopter took the released hostages to Sheba Medical Center, where they were reunited with their families.

During the operation, Hamas' Shabara battalion in Rafah was attacked in order to surprise the Hamas forces there. The commander of the IDF Southern Command, Major General Yaron Finkelman, commanded over the operation from the Southern Command base in Be'er Sheva.

"We have another 134 hostages in the Gaza Strip and we will do everything to return them," said the IDF spokesperson. "This is a story of heroism with great patience that preceded it in order to carry out the operation under the right conditions, great courage of the soldiers under the command of an IDF commander who lost his son."

The operation included many risks, training and preliminary models, and it was conducted close to 1:00 a.m. In total, the operation took about an hour, from the first shot fired until reaching the extraction point. The helicopter landing site was not close to the location so armored forces with 7th Division tanks accompanied the special forces to the helicopter.

Ynet military commentator Ron Ben Yishai points out that the rescue was planned for a long time, but the conditions for the operation just recently improved. Several warnings calling on the IDF not to enter Rafah were issued against Israel in international media and by senior figures including U.S. President Joe Biden and U.N Secretary-General Antonio Guterres, who fear a humanitarian disaster.

The rescue was possible, in part, due to the proximity of the Shabara neighborhood - where the hostages were held - to Khan Younis and Israeli active forces there. Therefore, some of the rescue teams were able to operate after the massive fire pinned the terrorists, and allowed the rescue teams to reach the building and enter it.

The Shin Bet's operational unit carried out the operation together with the National Counter Terrorism Unit because the two units are accustomed to working together in stealth operations managed by the Shin Bet's Operations Command or from the IDF, based on information provided by the Shin Bet before and during the operation. The National Counter Terrorism Unit is the national unit for the rescue of hostages and has unique means and methods of work and training for this purpose.

The rescue operation was overseen from the operational room where the Chief of Staff Lieutenant General Herzi Halevi, Shin Bet Director Ronen Bar, Israel Police Commissioner Yaakov Shabtai and Air Force Commander Tomer Bar met. At a certain point, Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu and Defense Minister Yoav Gallant joined.

Hamas claims: More than 100 Palestinians were killed in the Rafah airstrikes

Hamas responded this morning to the rescue operation, and claimed that more than 100 Palestinians were killed in the Israeli attack in Rafah on Monday. The Palestinian news agency Wafa quoted health sources in Rafah who claimed that more than 80 were killed in the attack, including children and women, and hundreds were injured.

The director of the Kuwait hospital in Rafah, Sohaib al-Homs, said that the hospital is full of wounded as a result of the attack. Local sources told Wafa that warplanes launched a series of about 40 attacks, specifically targeting many houses and mosques where displaced people lived.

Defense Minister Gallant said of the operation: "In an impressive rescue operation, the security forces managed to return to Israel tonight Fernando Marman and Louis Har, who were kidnapped from Kibbutz Nir Yitzhak. Together with the prime minister and the senior command, I followed the operation from the operation room. We are full of appreciation for the IDF, Shin Bet and National Counter Terrorism forces for their critical operation, inspiring actions and we will continue to stick to our commitment to return our hostages, in any way possible."

Minister Benny Gantz said Monday morning: "We will never give them up. Congratulations to the IDF, the Shin Bet and the Counter Terrorism forces for a precise and courageous operation. Along with the great joy at the return home of Fernando and Louis, there is great sadness at the fall of Sergeant first class Adi Eldor and Sergeant first class (res.) Alon Kleinman in the battle for our home. We will not stop working until we return all 134 kidnapped people home. We remember, and we continue."

02.11.24 – Su

IDF capture 20 terrorists hiding in hospital & hundreds attempting to flee Khan Younis

02.11.24 – Su

IDF soldiers capture 20 terrorists hiding in Khan Younis hospital

The forces entered the hospital in coordination with officials and apprehended the terrorists without harm to patients and doctors

Yoav Zitun|15:41

IDF soldiers captured about 20 terrorists who were hiding inside the Al Amal hospital, without harming the functioning of the hospital

Following intelligence from the Shin Bet and the Intelligence Directorate, the Givati Brigade combat team, Shayetet 13 and additional special forces carried out an operational activity to apprehend Hamas terrorists hiding inside the Al-Amal Hospital in western Khan Younis.

During the operational activity, the forces detained approximately 20 terrorists, including members of the Hamas terrorist organization who were hiding in the hospital. The detainees were transferred for further investigation by security forces in Israel.

The operation included prior coordination with the hospital, and the forces meticulously and selectively scanned the hospital without opening fire and without harming the patients or medical staff, according to the IDF spokesperson. After the operation, through the Coordination and Liaison Administration for Gaza of COGAT, the IDF facilitated the

entry of dozens of oxygen cylinders donated by international organizations for the hospital's patients.

IDF soldiers were briefed in advance in order to prevent any harm to patients, medical teams, civilians, and medical equipment, in accordance with international law," according to the IDF.

"This is further evidence of Hamas' cynical exploitation of the Gazan civilian population, with Hamas' use of hospitals and civilian infrastructure as shields for its terrorist operatives and activities," the IDF statement also said.

"The operation adds to the intense fighting in Western Khan Younis and the intensification of ground operations in the area, during which hundreds of terrorists have been eliminated by IDF troops, and hundreds more who were apprehended after attempting to flee under the cover of the civilian population," according to the IDF.

02.11.24 – Su

Galilee Teacher indicted for assisting, promoting and financing terrorist activities

02.11.24 – Su

Teacher from northern Israel indicted for helping Hamas

Rami Habibullah, a resident of Ein Mahil in the Galilee, tried to recruit Arab-Israelis to carry out terrorist attacks, and even sent a Hamas operative a photo of a defense factory in his area, with its GPS location; His neighbor, Khaled Saleh, agreed to carry out an attack, and offered to supply weapons for it

Israel Moskovitz, Yoav Zitun|15:13

The Shin Bet and North District of the Israel Police uncovered a terrorist, and arrested two residents of the northern Israeli town of Ein Mahil in the Lower Galilee - Rami Habibullah, 43, and Khaled Saleh, 36, on suspicion of trying to help Hamas carry out attacks on Israeli territory. Charges were filed against the two men on Sunday in the district court in Nazareth.

Habibullah is charged with the suspicion of making contact with Hamas operatives abroad, dealing with terrorist property, aiding the enemy in war, providing information to the enemy with the intention of harming the security of the state, and conspiracy to commit an offense that is an act of terrorism. Saleh was charged with conspiracy to commit an offense which is an act of terrorism.

According to the indictment filed by attorney Yael Katz from the Northern District Prosecutor's Office, Habibullah - a teacher and volunteer as an imam at a mosque - traveled to Turkey in 2022 as part of a humanitarian aid mission. During his trip, he met with two Hamas activists, with whom he was in contact until the time of his arrest, as well as with another activist he met a year later. As part of this relationship, Habibullah transferred tens of thousands of shekels to them at different times, with the aim of assisting, promoting and financing the activities of a terrorist organization.

On December 31, 2023, he went to Jordan, met one of the Hamas operatives in Amman and handed him \$200. Before that, with the outbreak of the war on October 7, he considered going to the south and joining the Hamas terrorists. He contacted one of the Hamas operatives on Telegram and told him that he wanted to help the "brothers" and that he could forward photos of a "sensitive security location.""

The indictment states that: "After an attack on the hospital in Gaza, Habibullah became very angry, he saw Israel as responsible, and in his heart was filled with a decision to take revenge on the State of Israel. He left his house, took pictures of an essential security factory that produces ammunition for the security system, and sent them to a Hamas operative on Telegram. In addition, Rami sent the exact location of the factory using the GPS coordinates."

"Habibullah acted intentionally to harm the security of the state, in order to help Hamas in its war on Israel, and in order for Hamas to attack the factory and launch missiles at it," the indictment reads. The next day, a Hamas operative informed him in a voice message that he had passed on the location and photos and that the matter would be "handled" by Hamas in Gaza and not by Hamas in Lebanon. A few days later, a Hamas operative informed the defendant that both Lebanon's Hamas and Gaza's Hamas have no possibility of attacking the factory with missiles. In light of this, he asked the defendant to "take the initiative" and carry out an independent attack on the factory."

After the outbreak of the war, he also considered carrying out a shooting attack in Jerusalem and, in order to advance his plan, he turned to Khaled Saleh, who expressed his anger at what was happening in Gaza and his willingness to "stand up and carry out an activity" and conspired with him to carry out a "jihad" operation. Saleh even stated that he had people who can get as many weapons as Habibullah wanted, according to the indictment.

The Shin Bet said in a statement that: "This is a serious activity by Israeli citizens who hatched a malicious plan with Hamas operatives while the State of Israel is in the middle of fighting against that terrorist organization." The plan was thwarted in the initial stages even before the squad members had time to carry out the plan for terrorist activity inside Israel, according to the Shin Bet.

"This case illustrates how much the determination of the security forces led to the capture of the terrorists and thus prevented the attacks that would have resulted in heavy casualties among the citizens of Israel," according to Deputy Superintendent Eyal Harari, commander of the Central Unit of the Northern District.

Lawyer Ramzi Katilat, Habibullah's defense attorney, said: "The indictment is the result of an investigation in which measures were taken to drastically reduce my client's rights, and hence the path to the loss of free will is extremely short. We will study the investigation materials in depth and respond in detail in court."

A relative of Habibullah said that "these are lies that have no basis. All the money was intended for donations and not for carrying out terrorist attacks or any other security incident. Everyone knows him, he never thought of harming others."

The Ministry of Education responded: "The teacher is employed by the local authority, and since his arrest he no longer teaches at the school. The Ministry will act in accordance with the findings in his case."

02.11.24 – Su

EU sanctions Israel settlers defending from PA attacks; Czech & Hungary veto

02.11.24 – Su

After U.S., the EU pushes for sanctions on Israeli settlers while two countries veto. The European Union promotes punishment against violent settlers, and needs unanimous agreement to pass the sanctions; Israel fears that Czech Republic and Hungary veto won't last and the two will succumb to international pressure.

Itamar Eichner|02:57

The European Union's foreign ministers are discussing sanctions against violent settlers, similar to the sanctions U.S. President Joe Biden issued against four Israelis for their actions in Judea and Samaria. Countries such as Ireland, Spain, Malta and Belgium introduced the move and are pushing for it in the EU. As of now, the Czech Republic and Hungary are preventing the unanimous decision of the EU, but Israeli officials fear that they will succumb to pressure and allow the sanctions to be approved.

Several member states were pushing for the formation of a "black list" of violent settlers, whose entry into the EU countries would be prohibited and economic sanctions would be imposed on them. The decision must receive the consent of all 27 member states of the Union in order to pass. At this point, two countries oppose the sanctions: Hungary and the Czech Republic. According to reports, while the Hungarian refusal is not expected to change soon, the Czechs are already "less opposed" to the move and may change their decision and remove the veto in the future.

Among the officials promoting the sanctions are the High Representative of the European Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy, Josep Borrell, and representatives from Ireland, Spain, Malta and Belgium. Within the EU there are those who demand the adoption of an "extreme sanctions regime" against violent settlers. Until recently, Germany, one of the most central and important countries in the Union, prevented any sanctions regime.

Following Biden's presidential order, the U.S. imposed sanctions against four settlers, which caused Israeli banks to seize their accounts, out of fear of being accused of violating the American order. The European Union recently announced a special sanctions regime against Hamas, and now the internal pressure is increasing to balance the decision with a sanctions regime against violent Israeli settlers.

"Since the conflict has broken out in Israel, this has become the number one issue on the meetings of the Foreign Affairs councils," Hungarian Foreign Minister Peter Szijjarto,

said this weekend. Senior officials in Israel said that Hungary is currently protecting Israel against the sanctions, but there are worrying indications that the Czech opposition is not as strong as before, and that it is under heavy pressure to remove the veto.

"It is not clear whether Hungary will break or not and how long it will last," they say in Israel. "The Czech Republic is a small country and it has interests. As soon as there are only one or two countries left, it puts them in an unpleasant situation. As soon as the Americans decided (to punish settlers) it was decided and it seems that this is the direction."

02.11.24 – Su

UNRWA staff deny knowing Hamas under headquarters, schools & hospitals

02.11.24 – Su

UNRWA Commissioner denies knowledge of Hamas base under headquarters

Lazzarini says unable to independently verify IDF claim since staff evacuates area at start of war; government spokesperson says UNRWA has explaining to do as evidence mounts against it

Ynet|02:09

UNRWA Commissioner-General Philippe Lazzarini responded to the IDF discovery of a tunnel under UNRWA headquarters in Gaza, where a Hamas server farm was found, in the prestigious Rimal neighborhood in the west of Gaza City. "UNRWA did not know what is under its headquarters in Gaza," he wrote in a post on X

"UNRWA staff left its headquarters in Gaza City on 12 October following the Israeli evacuation orders and as bombardment intensified in the area. We have not used that compound since we left it nor are we aware of any activity that may have taken place there," Lazzarini wrote. "We understand, through media reporting, that the Israeli Army has deployed troops within the UNRWA Headquarters in Gaza City. We are therefore unable to confirm or otherwise comment on these reports," he wrote.

"In times of "no active conflict" UNRWA inspects inside its premises every quarter, the last inspection for the UNRWA Gaza premises was completed in September 2023. UNRWA is a Human development and humanitarian organization that does not have the military and security expertise nor the capacity to undertake military inspections of what is or might be under its premises. In the past, whenever suspicious cavity was found close to or under UNRWA premises, protest letters were promptly filed to parties to the conflict, including both the de facto authorities in Gaza (Hamas) and the Israeli authorities. The matter was consistently reported in annual reports presented to the General Assembly and made public," he wrote.

He said there was no way to independently verify the claims and that UNRWA was not officially notified by Israel of the alleged tunnel uncovered.

Foreign Minister Israel Katz responded to Lazzarini's words, writing in his X account that "The exposure of UNRWA's Gaza headquarters' deep involvement with Hamas, including its use for terror activities and as an access point to terror tunnels, requires immediate action. Lazzarini's claim that he was unaware of the tunnel is not only absurd but also an affront to common sense. His prompt resignation is imperative."

Later, Israel's Ambassador to the United Nations, Gilad Erdan, also commented on the UNRWA commissioner's denial in a post on X. "Lazzarini, it's not that you didn't know, it's that you didn't WANT to know. We exposed terror tunnels under UNRWA schools and supplied evidence that Hamas' exploits UNRWA. We implored you to carry out a comprehensive search of all UNRWA facilities in Gaza. But not only did you refuse, you chose to stick your head in the sand. Take responsibility and resign today! Every day we find more proof that in Gaza the UN=Hamas and vice versa. Anything the UN says or claims about Gaza cannot be trusted."

"Philippe Lazzarini has a lot of explaining to do about Hamas assets inside and under UNRWA facilities. It's not surprising his attacks on Israel are becoming increasingly hysterical as the evidence mounts about his agency's cover-up of Hamas," Government Spokesman Eylon Levy said also on X.

02.10.24 – Sa

UNRWA HQ offices in Gaza City fed tunnel power & Hamas data servers

02.10.24 – Sa

Inside Hamas' sensitive base under UNRWA HQ in Gaza City

IDF said tunnel contains treasure trove of intelligence assets as discovery sheds further light on deep links between terrorist group and UN aid and relief agency

Ynetnews|12:28

Guided by Shin Bet intelligence, an IDF 401st Brigade combat team uncovered a tunnel entrance near a UNRWA school, unveiling an underground terror tunnel beneath UNRWA's main headquarters in the heart of Gaza City's upscale Al Rimal neighborhood - a significant component of Hamas' military intelligence operations.

During operations targeting terrorist sites in northern and central Gaza, specifically in the Al Shati and Tel al-Hawa regions over the past two weeks, a tunnel extending 700 meters in length and reaching a depth of 18 meters was discovered.

According to the army, these operations have resulted in the elimination of approximately 120 Hamas terrorists and the destruction of 20 terrorist sites.

The tunnel featured several blast doors and was a treasure trove of intelligence assets, now seized by Israeli troops. The IDF said that the capture of this intelligence is expected

to facilitate further actions against Hamas targets, significantly impairing the group's intelligence capabilities.

Troops also reportedly found a Hamas server farm beneath the UNRWA headquarters. 401st Brigade commander Colonel Benny Aharon said that cables in the communications room, reportedly linked to the Hamas server farm, were found severed.

The army said that the tunnel's electrical systems were connected to the power supply of UNRWA's headquarters, indicating that the UNRWA facilities were inadvertently providing electricity to the tunnel.

The army said that following these discoveries and guided by initial Shin Bet intelligence, troops conducted a precision raid on the central headquarters of the United Nations relief agency for Palestine refugees, which accommodates various humanitarian and international organizations.

The raid uncovered large stockpiles of military-grade weaponry, including rifles, ammunition, grenades and explosives within the building. Furthermore, intelligence and documents found in the offices of UNRWA officials confirmed that Hamas terrorists had also used these offices.

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Ynet-News, Feb 09, 2024 – Friday

Possible Abomination Days are April 7 & June 20, 2024

02.09.24 – Fr- - - News Placed in February 09 spot – Friday
Thousands in Jerusalem to continue war until victory; no releasing of terrorists

02.08.24 – Th- - - News Placed in February 08 spot – Thursday
Sinwar out of contact more than 10 days; not involved in deal for hostages

02.08.24 – Th- - - News – Thursday
Hezbollah regional commander killed in drone strike on car in southern Lebanon

02.07.24 – We- - - News – Wednesday
Hamas proposal calls for 135-day cease-fire, Israeli withdrawal, talks to end war

02.06.24 – Tu- - - News Placed in February 07 spot – Wednesday
Saudi & US push for PA state before Ramadan & to help Biden election

02.06.24 – Tu- - - News Placed in February 06 spot – Tuesday
National Security paused PA work access & may block Ramadan site visits

02.05.24 – Mo- - - News – Monday
Settler outrage to dismiss the commander after IDF drill simulates a ludicrous scenario

02.05.24 – Mo- - - News Placed in February 05 spot – Monday
 Hamas Council manual justifies killing of all Jews – men, women and children

02.05.24 – Mo- - - News – Monday
 US pressure on Israel to end war mounts as Hamas hostage deal stalls

02.04.24 – Su- - - News – Sunday
 US blacklisted & froze bank account of settler leading attacks on PA

02.04.24 – Su- - - News Placed in February 04 spot – Sunday
 UN plan will maintain eight to ten kilometer forces by Lebanon Israeli border

02.03.24 – Sa- - - News Placed in February 03 spot – Saturday
 Qatari summit in Paris delayed for Hamas response on hostage deal